ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

North Barrington, Illinois 60010 Phone: 847.381.6000 www.northbarrington.org

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### FINANCIAL SECTION

### This section includes:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT This section includes the opinion of the Village's independent auditing firm.



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

March 25, 2025

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of North Barrington, Illinois

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of North Barrington (the Village), Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of North Barrington, Illinois, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Village of North Barrington, Illinois March 25, 2025

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of North Barrington, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the Village of North Barrington (the Village), Illinois' financial performance provides an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with financial statements, which can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Village's net position increased as a result of this year's operations. Net position of the governmental activities increased by \$844,720, or 16.3 percent.
- During the year, government-wide revenues for the primary government totaled \$2,435,202, while expenses totaled \$1,590,482, resulting in an increase to net position of \$844,720.
- The Village's net position totaled \$6,033,421 on April 30, 2024, which includes \$933,006 investment in capital assets, \$395,717 subject to external restrictions, and \$4,704,698 unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The General Fund reported an increase this year of \$868,361, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$2,667,553, an increase of 48.3 percent.

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Village as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Village's most significant funds.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's infrastructure, is needed to assess the overall health of the Village.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2024

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued**

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The Village only reports governmental activities. The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, and streets and roads.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village are reported as governmental or fiduciary funds.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund which are considered major funds. The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held in a custodial capacity for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2024

### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Motor Fuel Tax Fund.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$6,033,421.

	Net Position		
		2024	2023
Assets			
Current Assets	\$	6,384,224	5,585,563
Capital Assets		933,006	912,909
Total Assets		7,317,230	6,498,472
Liabilities/Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Other Liabilities		376,695	605,480
Deferred Inflows of Resources		907,114	704,291
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows		1,283,809	1,309,771
Net Position			
Investment in Capital Assets		933,006	912,909
Restricted		395,717	207,885
Unrestricted		4,704,698	4,067,907
Total Net Position		6,033,421	5,188,701

A portion of the Village's net position, \$933,006 or 15.5 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, building improvements, land improvements, equipment/furniture/fixtures), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village currently does not have any capital-related debt outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2024

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** – Continued

An additional portion, \$395,717 or 6.6 percent, of the Village's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 77.9 percent, or \$4,704,698, represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Change in Net Position			
		2024	2023	
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	168,759	207,929	
Operating Grants/Contrib.		139,271	116,491	
Capital Grants/Contrib.		-	33,468	
General Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes		746,217	733,663	
Intergovernmental - Unrestricted				
Personal Property Replacement Tax	es	8,937	13,307	
State Income Taxes		531,871	512,666	
Sales and Use Taxes		325,813	302,559	
Cannabis Taxes		4,538	4,993	
ARPA		200,861	-	
Other General Revenues		308,935	138,952	
Total Revenues		2,435,202	2,064,028	
Expenses				
General Government		637,211	504,890	
Public Safety		348,332	396,141	
Streets and Roads		604,939	661,915	
Total Expenses		1,590,482	1,562,946	
Change in Net Position		844,720	501,082	
Net Position - Beginning		5,188,701	4,687,619	
Net Position - Ending		6,033,421	5,188,701	

Net position of the Village's governmental activities increased by 16.3 percent (\$5,188,701 in 2023 compared to \$6,033,421 in 2024). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints, totaled \$4,704,698 at April 30, 2024.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2024

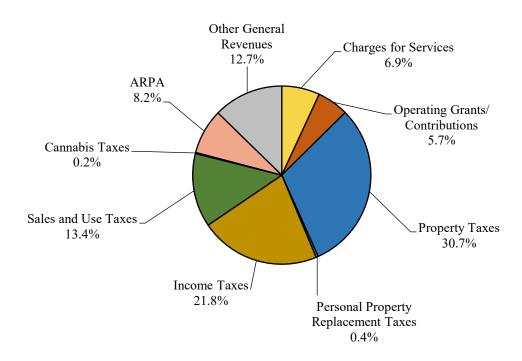
### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued**

### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$2,435,202, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$1,590,482. This results in a surplus of \$844,720. In 2023, revenues of \$2,064,028 exceeded expenses of \$1,562,946, resulting in an increase of \$501,082. State shared revenues, including income and sales/use taxes increased by \$19,205 and \$23,254, respectively. In addition, property taxes saw an increase of \$12,554 over last year.

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Village. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes, income taxes and sales/use taxes to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the Village receives from charges for services and operating grants/contributions.

### **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**



Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2024

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Village's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$5,100,415, which is \$824,623, or 19.3 percent, higher than last year's total of \$4,275,792. Of the \$5,100,415 total, \$1,167,553, or approximately 22.9 percent, of the fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$868,361, an increase of 48.3 percent. The Village was budgeting for an increase in fund balance of \$297,320. Actual revenues came in \$503,018 over budget and actual expenditures came in \$68,023 under budget. These variances were largely attributed to higher-than-expected revenues from state income tax and investment revenues. Further details are outlined in the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At April 30, 2024, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$1,167,553, which represents 43.8 percent of the total fund balance of the General Fund, and represents 93.6 percent of expenditures.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund reported an increase in fund balance for the year of \$187,832. Ending with a fund balance of \$395,717 which is restricted for future streets and roads qualifying expenditures.

The Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$2,037,145, a decrease of \$231,570. This decrease is because capital outlay expenditures were more than the revenue received during the fiscal year.

### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Village did not make any budget amendments to the General Fund during the year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$2,115,941, compared to budgeted revenues of \$1,612,923. All revenues sources, except for fines and forfeitures, were over budget for the year.

The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$68,023 lower than budgeted (\$1,247,580 actual compared to \$1,315,603 budgeted), due primarily to the Village implementing cost controlling measures during the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2024

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

The Village's investment in capital assets as of April 30, 2024 was \$933,006 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building improvements, land improvements, and equipment/furniture/fixtures.

	Capital Assets		
	Net of Accumulated Depreciation		
	2024 202		2023
Land	\$	402,902	402,902
<b>Building Improvements</b>		422,701	443,811
Land Improvements		101,144	55,523
Equipment/Furniture/Fixtures		6,259	10,673
Totals		933,006	912,909

This year's major addition includes:

Land Improvements \$ 53,720

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

### **Debt Administration**

At year-end, the Village had no outstanding debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a non-home rule governmental entity may issue to 8.625 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the Village is \$24,105,426.

Additional information on the Village's legal debt margin can be found in Note 3 of this report.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Village's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2025 budget, including tax rates, anticipated state shared revenues, operational and capital needs, and fees that will be charged for its various activities. One of those factors is the local economy.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Village Hall at 111 Old Barrington Road, North Barrington, IL 60010.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

Fiduciary Fund

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

### Statement of Net Position April 30, 2024

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,576,629
Receivables - Net of Allowances	
Property Taxes	706,610
Due from Other Governments	100,985
Total Current Assets	6,384,224
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable	402,902
Depreciable	1,532,814
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,002,710)
Total Noncurrent Assets	933,006
Total Assets	7,317,230
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	86,509
Other Payables	259,940
Deposits Payable	30,246
Total Current Liabilities	376,695
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	706,610
Grants	200,504
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	907,114
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,283,809
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	933,006
Restricted	
Streets and Roads	395,717
Unrestricted	4,704,698
Total Net Position	6,033,421

### Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

				Program Rever	nuec	
			Charges	Operating	Capital	Net
			for	Grants/	Grants/	(Expenses)/
	E	Expenses	Services	Contributions		Revenues
Governmental Activities						
General Government	\$	637,211	168,374	-	-	(468,837)
Public Safety		348,332	385	-	-	(347,947)
Streets and Roads		604,939	-	139,271	-	(465,668)
Total Governmental Activities		1,590,482	168,759	139,271		(1,282,452)
			Intergove Persona State In Sales an Cannab ARPA	y Taxes ernmental - Unre al Proprty Repla acome Taxes and Use Taxes bis Tax		746,217 8,937 531,871 325,813 4,538 200,861 286,882 22,053 2,127,172
			Change in N	Net Position		844,720
			Net Position	n - Beginning		5,188,701
			Net Position	n - Ending		6,033,421

**Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2024** 

		Special		
		Revenue		
		Motor	Capital	
	General	Fuel Tax	Projects	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,137,125	1,010,195	2,429,309	5,576,629
Receivables - Net of Allowances	,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Property Taxes	706,610	_	-	706,610
Due from Other Governments	100,985	_	-	100,985
Due from Other Funds	1,006,642	-	-	1,006,642
Total Assets	3,951,362	1,010,195	2,429,309	7,390,866
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	86,509	_	_	86,509
Due to Other Funds	-	614,478	392,164	1,006,642
Other Payables	259,940	-	-	259,940
Deposits Payable	30,246	_	_	30,246
Total Liabilities	376,695	614,478	392,164	1,383,337
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	706,610	_	_	706,610
Grants	200,504	_	_	200,504
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	907,114	-	-	907,114
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,283,809	614,478	392,164	2,290,451
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	_	395,717	_	395,717
Committed	1,500,000	-	2,037,145	3,537,145
Unassigned	1,167,553	_		1,167,553
Total Fund Balances	2,667,553	395,717	2,037,145	5,100,415
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	3,951,362	1,010,195	2,429,309	7,390,866

# **Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities**

**April 30, 2024** 

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 5,100,415
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	933,006
Net Position of Governmental Activities	6,033,421

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	General	Special Revenue Motor Fuel Tax	Capital Projects	Totals
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 746,217	_	_	746,217
Intergovernmental	1,072,020	139,271	_	1,211,291
Licenses, Fees and Permits	168,374	-	_	168,374
Fines and Forfeitures	385	_	_	385
Investment Income	108,100	48,649	130,133	286,882
Miscellaneous	20,845	-	1,208	22,053
Total Revenues	2,115,941	187,920	131,341	2,435,202
Expenditures				
General Government	657,308	_	_	657,308
Public Safety	348,332	_	_	348,332
Streets and Roads	241,940	88	_	242,028
Capital Outlay	-	-	362,911	362,911
Total Expenditures	1,247,580	88	362,911	1,610,579
Net Change in Fund Balances	868,361	187,832	(231,570)	824,623
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,799,192	207,885	2,268,715	4,275,792
Fund Balances - Ending	2,667,553	395,717	2,037,145	5,100,415

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

### For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 824,623
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	53,720
Depreciation Expense	(33,623)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	844,720

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Fund April 30, 2024

	_	Special Service Areas
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	926,726
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	_	32,228
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Others	_	894,498

### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Special Service Areas
Additions	
Property Taxes	\$ 720,038
Interest	56,665_
Total Additions	776,703
Deductions	
Principal Retirement	310,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	382,400
Payment to Escrow Agent	15,838
Total Deductions	708,238
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	68,465
Net Position Restricted for Others	
Beginning	826,033
Ending	894,498

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Village of North Barrington (the Village), Illinois operates under a Board of Trustees form of government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Village's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are described below.

### REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government. Management has determined that there is no fiduciary component unit that is required to be included in the financial statements of the Village as pension trust funds and there are no discretely component units to include in the reporting entity.

### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

### **Government-Wide Statements**

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). The Village's general government, public safety and streets and roads services are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis. The Village's net position is reported in three parts: investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions (general government, public safety, streets and roads, etc.). These functions are supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The Village does not allocate indirect costs. This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION** – Continued

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The Village's funds are all reported as governmental funds. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses) for the determination of major funds.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund type is used by the Village:

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains one special revenue fund. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund, a major fund, accounts for state shared motor fuel tax revenues that are legally restricted to maintenance and construction of streets, sidewalks, alleys and traffic signals.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Capital Projects Fund is a major fund.

### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a purely custodial capacity. The Special Service Areas Fund accounts for the collection of property taxes within special taxing districts and payments of related special service areas debt.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION** – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

### Fiduciary Funds – Continued

The Village's custodial fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (private parties) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### **Measurement Focus**

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Custodial funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflows are incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

### **MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued**

### **Basis of Accounting** – Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount.

Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due, as applicable. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, licenses and interest revenue. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All custodial funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

# ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

### **Cash and Investments**

For purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Village has no investments at year end.

### Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

# ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of more than \$5000 are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expenses as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Building Improvements	10-50 Years
Land Improvements	15 Years
Equipment/Furniture/Fixtures	5-10 Years

### **Net Position**

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

# ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

**Net Position** – Continued

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

All departments of the Village submit budget requests for appropriation to the Board of Trustees for review and approval. The Board of Trustees holds public hearings and formally approves the budget. The budget is based on the cash basis of accounting, which does not differ significantly from the basis used for financial statement reporting. The budget lapses at fiscal year-end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

### EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUND

The following fund had an excess of actual expenditures over budget as of date of this report:

Fund	Exces	
Motor Fuel Tax	\$	88

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### **NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, and commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services

*Deposits.* At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits totaled \$5,576,629 and the bank balances totaled \$6,507,037.

*Interest Rate Risk*. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Village's investment policy states that the Village's investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Village to meet all operating requirements which may be reasonably anticipated in any Village fund. The Village has no investments at year-end.

*Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Besides investing in securities authorized by State Statutes, the Village's investment policy does not further limit investment choices. The Village has no investments at year-end.

Concentration Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy states that investments shall be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting on over concentration in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities. At year-end, the Village does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires that funds on deposit in excess of FDIC limits must be secured by some form of collateral, witnessed by a written agreement and held at an independent, third-party institution in the name of the Village. The collateralization level will be 100%-110% of the deposit balance, depending on the type of security for collateralization. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** – Continued

Custodial Credit Risk – Continued. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy states that all security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered in to by the Village shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. Securities will be held by an independent, third-party custodian designated by the Village and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and a written custodial agreement. The Village has no investments at year-end.

### PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2023 levy attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by Lake County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

### INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances result from the time lag between when transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General General	Motor Fuel Tax Capital Projects	\$ 614,478 392,164
		1,006,642

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 402,902	-	-	402,902
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Building Improvements	1,091,028	-	-	1,091,028
Land Improvements	121,484	53,720	-	175,204
Equipment/Furniture/Fixtures	266,582	-	-	266,582
	1,479,094	53,720	-	1,532,814
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Building Improvements	647,217	21,110	-	668,327
Land Improvements	65,961	8,099	-	74,060
Equipment/Furniture/Fixtures	255,909	4,414	-	260,323
	969,087	33,623	-	1,002,710
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	510,007	20,097	-	530,104
Total Net Capital Assets	912,909	20,097	-	933,006

Depreciation expense of \$33,623 is charged to the general government function.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

### LONG-TERM DEBT

### **Noncommitment Debt - Special Service Area Bonds**

Special service area bonds outstanding as of the date of this report totaled \$9,250,000. These bonds are not an obligation of the government and are secured by the levy of an annual tax on the real property within the special service area. The government is in no way liable for repayment but is only acting as agent for the property owners in levying, collecting the tax, and forwarding the collections to bondholders.

### Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2023	\$ 279,483,200
Legal Debt Limit - 8.625% of Assessed Value Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	24,105,426
None	
Legal Debt Margin	24,105,426

### FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental fund financial statements, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Village first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

### **FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS** – Continued

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

*Unassigned Fund Balance*. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

	General	Special Revenue Motor Fuel Tax	Capital Projects	Totals
Fund Balances Restricted Streets and Roads	\$ _	395,717	_	395,717
Committed Capital Projects	1,500,000	-	2,037,145	3,537,145
Unassigned	 1,167,553	-	-	1,167,553
Total Fund Balances	 2,667,553	395,717	2,037,145	5,100,415

### NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION

Investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of year-end:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 933,006
Less: Capital Related Debt None	 -
Investment in Capital Assets	933,006

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2024

### **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION**

### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees. The Village has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There were no significant changes in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

### Litigation

From time to time, the Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings with respect to employment, civil rights, property taxes and other matters. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

### Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Village does not participate in either the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund or a deferred compensation plan. Instead, employees are covered by social security.

### OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

The Village has evaluated its potential other post-employment benefits liability. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Village are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, there is minimal participation. As the Village provides no explicit benefit, and there is minimal participation, there is no material implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Therefore, the Village has not recorded a liability as of April 30, 2024.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedules

General Fund

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 744,913	744,913	746,217
Intergovernmental	685,605	685,605	1,072,020
Licenses, Fees and Permits	162,805	162,805	168,374
Fines and Forfeitures	2,300	2,300	385
Investment Income	15,000	15,000	108,100
Miscellaneous	2,300	2,300	20,845
Total Revenues	1,612,923	1,612,923	2,115,941
Expenditures			
General Government	688,453	688,453	657,308
Public Safety	353,500	353,500	348,332
Streets and Roads	273,650	273,650	241,940
Total Expenditures	1,315,603	1,315,603	1,247,580
Net Change in Fund Balance	297,320	297,320	868,361
Fund Balance - Beginning			1,799,192
Fund Balance - Ending			2,667,553

### **Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues Intergovernmental Motor Fuel Tax Investment Income Total Revenues	\$ 121,100 15,000 136,100	121,100 15,000 136,100	139,271 48,649 187,920	
Expenditures Streets and Roads	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	88	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	136,100	136,100	187,832	
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers Out	(30,000)	(30,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	106,100	106,100	187,832	
Fund Balance - Beginning			207,885	
Fund Balance - Ending			395,717	

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such schedules include:

- Individual Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Projects

### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

### **Motor Fuel Tax Fund**

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund accounts for state shared motor fuel tax revenues that are legally restricted to maintenance and construction of streets, sidewalks, alleys and traffic signals.

### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital assets by the Village, except those financed by Propietary and Trust Funds, including general and infrastructure capital assets.

### FIDUCIARY FUND

### **CUSTODIAL FUND**

### **Special Service Areas Fund**

The Special Service Areas Fund is used to account for the collection of property taxes within special taxing districts and payments of related special service areas noncommitment debt.

### **General Fund**

# Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 744,913	744,913	746,217
	+,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, , , , , , , , ,
Intergovernmental			
Personal Property Replacement Taxes	9,957	9,957	8,937
State Income Tax	443,474	443,474	531,871
State Sales and Use Tax	227,940	227,940	325,813
Cannabis Tax	4,234	4,234	4,538
Grants		-	200,861
Total Intergovernmental	685,605	685,605	1,072,020
Licenses, Fees and Permits	162,805	162,805	168,374
Fines and Forfeitures	2,300	2,300	385
Investment Income	15,000	15,000	108,100
Miscellaneous	2,300	2,300	20,845
Total Revenues	1,612,923	1,612,923	2,115,941

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government			
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 241,503	241,503	161,425
Legal	55,000	55,000	25,905
Building Department	75,100	75,100	86,416
Administration	94,650	94,650	234,954
Village Hall	40,900	40,900	19,983
Forester	27,500	27,500	15,305
Parks	34,500	34,500	17,270
Mosquito Abatement	25,000	25,000	9,744
Contingency	3,500	3,500	1,914
Internet Technology	49,000	49,000	44,830
Barrington Area Council of Governments	10,000	10,000	-
Flint Creek Restoration	- -	-	9,967
Insurance	16,000	16,000	14,202
Health and Sanitation	5,500	5,500	5,393
Audit	10,300	10,300	10,000
Total General Government	688,453	688,453	657,308
Public Safety			
Police Services	353,500	353,500	348,332
Streets and Roads	273,650	273,650	241,940
Total Expenditures	1,315,603	1,315,603	1,247,580

### **Capital Projects**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Grants Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 2,500,000 7,000 - 2,507,000	2,500,000 7,000 - 2,507,000	130,133 1,208 131,341
Expenditures Capital Outlay	985,950	985,950	362,911
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,521,050	1,521,050	(231,570)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	230,000	230,000	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,751,050	1,751,050	(231,570)
Fund Balance - Beginning			2,268,715
Fund Balance - Ending			2,037,145